

Sample Question Paper

CLASS VI

SUB HISTORY/ CIVICS

FULL MARKS 80

SECTION- A

Multiple Choice Question

1*10=10

Q1. Indica is a

a. biography , b. autobiography, c. travelers' account.

Q2. The Egyptian Civilization flourished around the river

a. Indus, b. Tigris, c.Nile.

Q3.Which one of these was the most favourite core tool

a. hand axe, b. scraper, c. knife.

Q4.Otzi, the Iceman belongs to the

a. Chalcolithic Age, b.Mesolithic Age, c. Neolithic Age.

Q5. Citadel found in the Harappan cities was

a. Public bath, b. dockyard, c upper town.

Q6. The Harappan worshipped

a. Pasupati, b. Krishna, c. Brahma.

Q7. The Later Vedic period was extended from

a.20000 – 50000 BCE, b. 1500 - 1000 BCE, c. 1000 - 600 BCE.

Q8. Name the lowest class of the society of the Later Vedic period

a. vaishyas, b. brahmains, c sudras.

Q9. The most acceptable form of government is

a. democracy, b. monarchy, c none of them.

Q10. Who is known as the 'sculptor' of the Constitution of India?

a. Dr. Rajendra Prasad, b. Dr B.R. Ambedkar, c. Dr. S Radhakrishnan..

Q11. An _____ party raises a voice against the ruling party's policies and decisions.

Q12. The political party with the most votes forms the_____.

Q13. What do you mean by mid-term election?

Ans: Mid-term is an election which is conducted before the expiry of the term (five years in our country) due to the fall of a government or vacancy of seat in a constituency .

Q14. What is universal Adult Franchise?

Q15. What do you mean by patriarchal society?

Q16. Mohenjodaro was excavated by _____.

Q17. What do you mean by kula?

Q18. Name the famous stone statue found in Mahenjodaro.

Q19. What was soma?

Q20. What does Mohenjo-daro mean?

SECTION - B

3x8= 24

Q21. What are the archaeological sources used by the historians to reconstruct history ?

Q22. Define band in relation to the Paleolithic Age. Why did the Paleolithic people live in band?

Q23. Discuss the main differences between life in the Paleolithic period and life in the Neolithic period.

Q24. What are megaliths? Discuss the megalithic burial in detail.

Ans: The word megalith has come from the Greek words megas and lithos meaning "great stone". They are relics of prehistory. Megaliths were made up of large slabs of stone.

Most of the primitive megaliths were associated with death. In a megalithic burial the bone of a dead person were placed in a urn which was then surrounded by a circle of large vertical or horizontal

stones. Grave goods like pottery, ornaments and even weapons are found in the megalithic burials which tell us about lives of the time.

Q25. List any three crafts in which Harappan people were skilled.

Q26. What was the cause of Kaveri River dispute? How it was settled?

Q27. With the help of a flow-chart discuss the functions of the various levels of the government.

Q28. What are the various steps taken by the government to established equality?

SECTION –C

5X6=30

Q29. What do you mean by the process of hominization ? Name some of the important discoveries and their role in the process of hominization .

Q30. What are the various literary sources of the study of the Vedic Age? Discuss

Q31. What were the various changes noticeable in the political life of the people of Later Vedic Age from that of the Early Vedic Age?

Q32. 'Harappan people can be said to have led a highly civilized life'. Justify your answer with at least five suitable justification.

Or

Discuss the socio-economic life of the people of Early Vedic period.

Q33. What are the various ways of participation in a democratic government?

Ans: People can participate in various ways in the functioning of a democratic government

- People participate in the election process to choose their government and the chosen representatives rule the country on behalf of people.
- People can get elected in the election and directly can become a part of the functioning of the government.
- A democratic government is accountable to the people. Here people can criticize the policies of the government by protest, signature campaign, rallies, strikes etc.
- In a democratic government people can freely express their opinion through media like newspaper, television, radio etc.
- Opposition also can keep a check in the functioning of the government by carefully observing its programs and policies. It also criticizes the government whenever necessary and thus keep the government in right track.

Q34. 'Monarchy, dictatorship, democracy are few common types governments that exist in the world'. Discuss these common forms governments with their characteristics.

SECTION –D

Q33. In the given outline map of India locate the following

- a. A Neolithic site of the north-east India. 1
- b. Bhimbetka. 1
- c. Show the extent of the Later Vedic Age. 2

Q34. In the given world map show the location of

- a. The Chinese Civilization. 1
- c. The Indus Valley Civilization. 1