



**FACULTY HIGHER SECONDARY SCHOOL**  
**SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER(2019-20)**  
**SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE**  
**CLASS: X**

**SUBJECT: HISTORY**

1. The first clear expression of Nationalism came with the: 1
  - a) The American Revolution
  - b) The French Revolution
  - c) The Industrial Revolution
  - d) The Russian Revolution
2. Who was the first writer to create the image of 'Bharat Mata' as an identity of India?1
3. What was the first symbol of a factory system?1
4. According to historians who were the typical workers in the mid-nineteenth century? 1
  - a) Craftsperson & Labourer
  - b) Machine operator
  - c) Unskilled labour
  - d) None of these
5. Describe the techniques which were adopted by the Manchester industrialists to sell their products? 3

Or

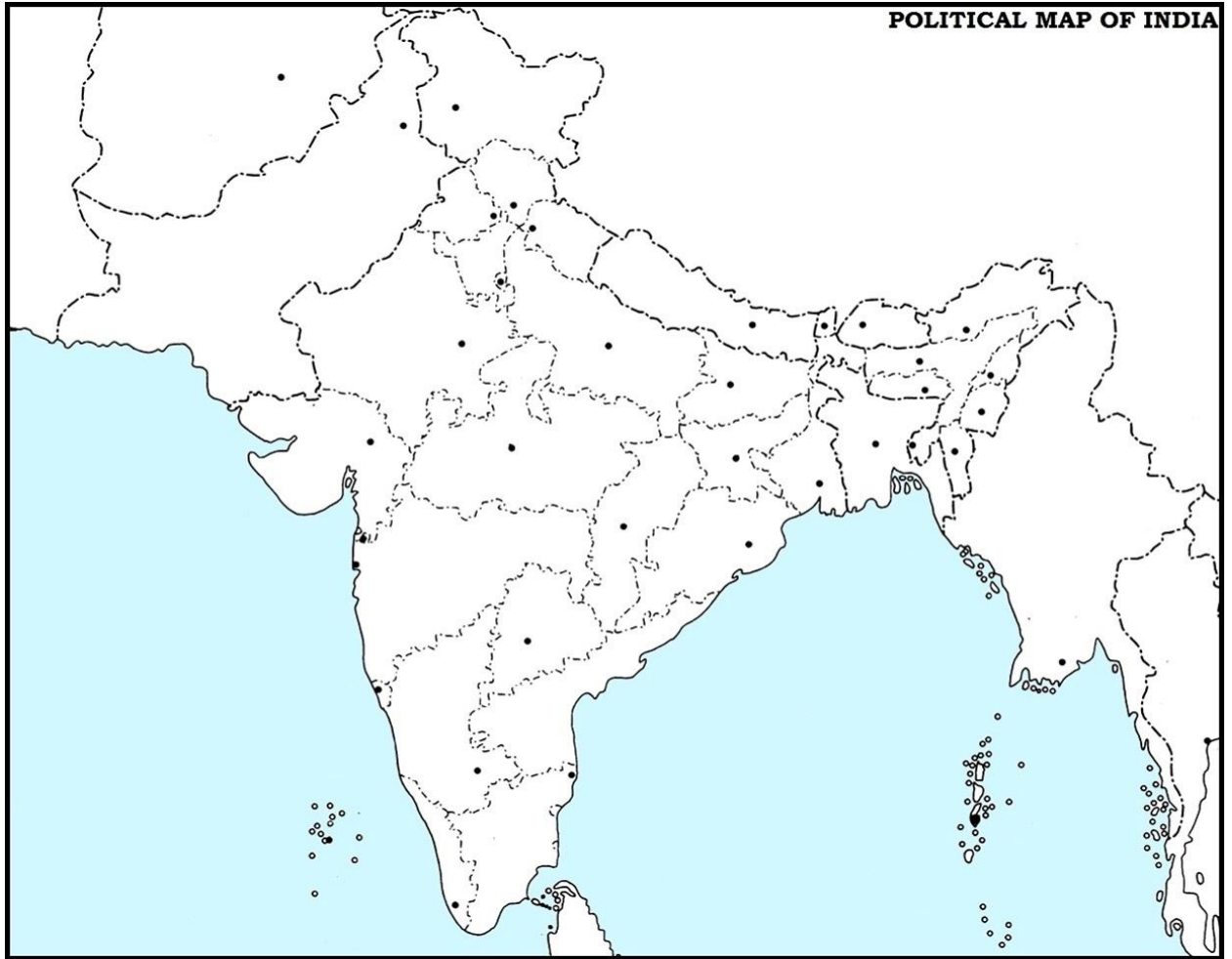
Why did the Surat and Hoogly ports decline by the end of the 19<sup>th</sup> Century. Explain.3

6. Analyse the measures and practices introduced by the French revolutionaries to create a sense of collective identity amongst the French people? 5

Or

How was the idea of Swaraj different for different communities? Explain with examples? 5

7. On an outline Political Map of India locate and label the following places associated with the National Movement of India.
  - a) Place where the Congress session of December 1920 was held
  - b) Kheda
  - c) Bardoli
  - d) The place where cotton mill workers organized a Satyagraha



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**Sample Answer key**

**1 mark**

**Answer to question no.1:** 1(c) The French Revolution.

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**3 marks**

**Answer to question no.5:** Surat declined b the end of the eighteenth century because:

The port of Surat declined mainly because of the growing power of the European companies in India. These European Companies gradually gained power and started to control sea trade in India. They secured a variety of concessions which they obtained from local court and by gaining monopoly rights to trade. These Companies did not want to use the old seaports of Surat, Masulipatnam and Hoogly etc. Instead they developed the new seaports of Bombay and Calcutta grew. This shift from the old ports to the new ones was an indicator of the growth of colonial power.

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**5 –marks**

**Answer to question no.6-** The idea of La-patri (fatherland) and Le citoyen (the citizen) emphasized the notion of united community enjoying equal rights under a Constitution.

A new flag, tricolor was chosen to replace the Royal Standard. Estates General was elected by the body of active citizens and renamed the National Assembly.

New hymns were composed and martyrs commemorated all in the name of nation. A centralized system of administration was introduced; uniform laws were made for all citizens. Internal custom duties and dues were all abolished and a uniform system of weights and measures was adopted.

Regional dialects were discouraged and French language was spoken and written becoming a common language in Paris.

The Revolutionaries further declared that it was the mission and the destiny of the French nation to liberate the people of Europe to become nations.

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**Answer to question no.7:** To be plotted on the map. **(3marks)**

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**SUBJECT: GEOGRAPHY AND ECONOMICS**

A. Questions from 1 to 10 carry 1 mark each:

1.This metal is known for its di-electric properties:

a.mica b.manganese c. copper

2.when was NREGA launched

a.2 001 b.2005 c.2009

3. No. Of thermal power stations in India

a. 300 b 310. c.350

4country where Gramin bank has become a huge success:

a.India. b Sri Lanka. c. Bangladesh

5. The share of money that bank keeps as security deposit.

a.10 percent b. 15 percent c. 12 percent.

6. This is an offshore oilfield in the Arabian sea:  
 a. Bassien b.trombay. c.digboi
7. India is the largest producer as well as consumer of this crop  
 a. Oilseeds. b. Pulses. c. Rice
8. This is known as the golden fibre  
 a. Cotton b.jute c.rubber
9. Tho is not a cause for the rising importance of the tertiary sector  
 a. Increase in poverty b. Rise in restaurants c. Increase in the number of schools.
10. Rat hole mining is practised in  
 a.meghalaya b. Nagaland c.Manipur
11. Give an account of the nature of land degradation in India.3
- 12.What is average income? Why is it not considered as the best method to assess development? 3
- 13.What is Bio mass?How is it beneficial for the farmers?3
- 14What is a debt trap?How does it affect farmers?3
15. Examine the necessity of conservation of important resources on Earth. 5
16. Give an account of the two major coal series found in India.5
- 17.Assess the role of banking in the economic development of India. 5

**18. Map work 1×3=3**

1. Identify the soils marked A and B
2. Show a major sugarcane growing area.
3. Name these a. coal field. b.natural gas reserve.

**SUBJECT: POLITICAL SCIENCE**

1. The European Union has set up its headquarter in..... (1)
2. What do you mean by the term 'Prudential'? (1)
3. A major step towards strengthening decentralisation was taken in the year..... (1)  
 a) 1995      b)1997      c)1992      d)1994

4. What does the term 'Sexual division of Labour' states? (1)
5. Caste division is based on.....sanctioned by rituals. (1)
6. .... differences lead to deep tension and divisions in the society. (1)
7. Explain on what levels was power sharing designed in Belgium. (3)
8. "Rise of coalition politics has changed the Centre State relation in India after 1990s." Justify (3)

Or

"The language policy of India has further strengthened power sharing within linguistic communities" Analyse.

9. "Caste hierarchies have not entirely weakend in contemporary India." Explain. (3)
10. Explain the various forms that communalism takes in politics. (5)

Or

What are Feminist movements? How have these movements improved the condition of women in society?